
GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS

Carl Jacobsens Vej , 16,1. 6., DK-2500 Valby

Annual Report for 2020

CVR No. 38 00 33 99

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted
at the Annual General
Meeting of the
company
on 30/6 2021

Karl David Öhlund
Chairman of the
general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Valby, 30 June 2021

Executive Board

Karl David Öhlund
CEO

Sami Simila
Executive officer

Mika Nestori Pihlava
Executive officer

Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholder of GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

Without modifying our opinion we draw attention to the material uncertainty described in the Financial statements note 1 "Going concern". As described in the Note the Company's inadequate financial position and the material uncertainty related to the commitment of financial support received from the Parent Company related to the material uncertainty of the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, result in material uncertainty, that may cast significant doubt on the the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor's report

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's report

Hellerup, 30 June 2021

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Jesper Otto Edelbo
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne10901

Company information

The Company	GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS Carl Jacobsens Vej , 16,1. 6. DK-2500 Valby Website: https://nordcredit.dk/ CVR No: 38 00 33 99 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Incorporated: 1 September 2016 Financial year: 5th financial year Municipality of reg. office: København
Executive board	Karl David Öhlund Sami Simila Mika Nestori Pihlava
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Key activities

The company is engaged in cash lending and other financial activities, as well as all activities that management considers related.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2020 shows a loss of DKK 693,544, and at 31 December 2020 the balance sheet of the Company shows negative equity of DKK 2,066,564.

The Group's management continues to examine possible financing alternatives and assesses that the company has a reasonable opportunity to ensure sufficient cash flow to finance the company's operations for at least 12 months from the balance sheet date. Refer to note 1 for further details.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Revenue		22,485,487	20,423,081
Other external expenses		-14,400,848	-11,965,345
Gross profit		8,084,639	8,457,736
Staff expenses	2	-1,403,264	-1,554,637
Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment		-244,362	-163,373
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		6,437,013	6,739,726
Financial income		120,766	81,185
Financial expenses	3	-7,251,323	-5,104,357
Profit/loss before tax		-693,544	1,716,554
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	0	-1,727,132
Net profit/loss for the year		-693,544	-10,578

Distribution of profit

	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Retained earnings	-693,544	-10,578
	-693,544	-10,578

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Completed development projects		337,082	358,493
Intangible assets	5	337,082	358,493
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		18,920	39,999
Leasehold improvements		7,590	11,880
Property, plant and equipment		26,510	51,879
Deposits		29,002	29,002
Fixed asset investments		29,002	29,002
Fixed assets		392,594	439,374
Trade receivables		55,630,392	58,168,490
Other receivables		209,813	90,171
Prepayments		88,948	96,427
Receivables		55,929,153	58,355,088
Cash at bank and in hand		5,056,786	164,343
Current assets		60,985,939	58,519,431
Assets		61,378,533	58,958,805

Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Share capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		-2,116,564	-1,411,806
Equity		-2,066,564	-1,361,806
Subordinate loan capital		4,092,495	1,494,300
Payables to group enterprises		28,231,382	26,449,110
Other payables		70,500	25,000
Long-term debt	6	32,394,377	27,968,410
Credit institutions		28,229,052	29,231,411
Trade payables		218,524	758,771
Payables to group enterprises		0	240,167
Corporation tax		1,709,158	1,981,475
Other payables		893,986	140,377
Short-term debt		31,050,720	32,352,201
Debt		63,445,097	60,320,611
Liabilities and equity		61,378,533	58,958,805
Going concern	1		
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	50,000	-1,411,806	-1,361,806
Contribution from group	0	-11,214	-11,214
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-693,544	-693,544
Equity at 31 December	50,000	-2,116,564	-2,066,564

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Going concern

2020 has been a challenging year for GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS, mainly because of new legislation that has affected the Company.

The result of the legislation was that no new loan agreements have been made for the second half of 2020. Because of the negative result in 2020 the financial position remains inadequate and the Parent Company has therefore increased the subordinated loan. It is the management's position that further strengthening of the equity is necessary.

The Parent Company has committed to providing financial support to GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS by loans to the extent necessary to finance the operations of the Company and settlement of the Company's financial obligations in the period until adoption of the annual report for 2021.

During this period existing and future loans to GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS will only be terminated to the extent that the Company's financial position enables repayment, and such loans will be subordinated to other creditors in GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS.

However, the Parent Company is also experiencing challenges with regards to financing. In the current cash flow estimation of the Parent Company for the next 12 months ending 31.12.21, funds are sufficient until the end of 3rd quarter of the year 2021. The Group's management continues to examine possible financing alternatives and assesses that the Parent Company has a reasonable opportunity to ensure sufficient cash flow to finance the Parent Company's operations for at least 12 months from the balance sheet date, which is why the accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. However, planned actions of the Parent Company, to ensure adequate financing and liquidity in the subsequent period have not materialized into concluded agreements at the date of issuing the Financial statements for 2020.

Accordingly, there is material uncertainty that may raise significant doubts about the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

This could ultimately lead to the Parent Company not being able to honor the commitments under the agreement to provide financial support to the Company.

In the current situation this results in material uncertainty, that may raise significant doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

2. Staff Expenses

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	1,376,188	1,464,827
Other social security expenses	13,201	6,553
Other staff expenses	13,875	83,257
	<u>1,403,264</u>	<u>1,554,637</u>
Average number of employees	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
3. Financial expenses		
Interest paid to group enterprises	3,488,926	2,046,402
Other financial expenses	3,636,898	2,399,688
Exchange adjustments, expenses	115,806	650,631
Exchange loss	9,693	7,636
	<u>7,251,323</u>	<u>5,104,357</u>

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
4. Income tax expense		
Current tax for the year	0	1,727,132
	<u>0</u>	<u>1,727,132</u>

5. Intangible fixed assets

	Completed development projects
	DKK
Cost at 1 January	544,569
Additions for the year	<u>208,797</u>
Cost at 31 December	<u>753,366</u>
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January	186,076
Amortisation for the year	<u>230,208</u>
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December	<u>416,284</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December	<u>337,082</u>

Development projects relate to the development of new versions of the Company's existing software products. The projects are progressing according to plan through the use of the resources allocated by Management to the development.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK
Subordinate loan capital		
After 5 years	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	4,092,495	1,494,300
Long-term part	4,092,495	1,494,300
Within 1 year	0	0
	4,092,495	1,494,300
Payables to group enterprises		
After 5 years	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	28,231,382	26,449,110
Long-term part	28,231,382	26,449,110
Within 1 year	0	0
Other short-term debt to group enterprises	0	240,167
Short-term part	0	240,167
	28,231,382	26,689,277
Other payables		
After 5 years	0	0
Between 1 and 5 years	70,500	25,000
Long-term part	70,500	25,000
Other short-term payables	893,986	140,377
	964,486	165,377
	2020	2019
	DKK	DKK

7. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Rental and lease obligations

Rental obligation, 6 months	31,000	29,002
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Notes to the Financial Statements

8. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The company is part of the consolidated report for the parent company

<u>Name</u>	<u>Place of registered office</u>
GF Money Consumer Finance OY	Kristiinankatu 3 B, 20100 Turku, Finland

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of GF Money Consumer Finance Denmark ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Income statement

Net sales

Services are recognised at the rate of completion of the service to which the contract relates by using the percentage-of-completion method, which means that revenue equals the selling price of the service completed for the year. This method is applied when total revenues and expenses in respect of the service and the stage of completion at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the Company. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of the ratio between the expenses incurred and the total expected expenses of the service.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and as well as office expenses, etc.

Staff expenses

Staff costs include wages and salaries including compensated absence and pensions as well as other social security contributions etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Intangible fixed assets

Software licences are amortised over the period of the agreement, however not exceeding 12 years.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-5 years

Leasehold improvements 5-10 years

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment and investments are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of deposit.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

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Karl David Öhlund

Adm. direktør

På vegne af: GF Money Consumer Finance

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Mika Nestori Pihlava

Direktør

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Jesper Otto Edelbo

Statsautoriseret revisor

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Karl David Öhlund

Dirigent

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